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United States

Department of Agriculture

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water Supply Outlook Report

February 1, 2004



Water Supply Outlook Reports

Federal - State - Private Cooperative Snow Surveys

For more water supply and resource management information, contact:

Local Natural Resources Conservation Service Field Office

or Scott Pattee Water Supply Specialist Natural Resources Conservation Service 2021 E. College Way, Suite 214 Mt. Vernon, WA 98273-2873 (360) 428-7684 or Betty Schmitt Public Affairs Specialist Natural Resources Conservation Service 316 W. Boone Ave., Suite 450 Spokane, WA 99201-2348 (509) 323-2912

How forecasts are made

Most of the annual streamflow in the western United States originates as snowfall that has accumulated in the mountains during the winter and early spring. As the snowpack accumulates, hydrologists estimate the runoff that will occur when it melts. Measurements of snow water equivalent at selected manual snow courses and automated SNOTEL sites, along with precipitation, antecedent streamflow, and indices of the El Niño / Southern Oscillation are used in computerized statistical and simulation models to prepare runoff forecasts. These forecasts are coordinated between hydrologists in the Natural Resources Conservation Service and the National Weather Service. Unless otherwise specified, all forecasts are for flows that would occur naturally without any upstream influences.

Forecasts of any kind, of course, are not perfect. Streamflow forecast uncertainty arises from three primary sources: (1) uncertain knowledge of future weather conditions, (2) uncertainty in the forecasting procedure, and (3) errors in the data. The forecast, therefore, must be interpreted not as a single value but rather as a range of values with specific probabilities of occurrence. The middle of the range is expressed by the 50% exceedance probability forecast, for which there is a 50% chance that the actual flow will be above, and a 50% chance that the actual flow will be below, this value. To describe the expected range around this 50% value, four other forecasts are provided, two smaller values (90% and 70% exceedance probability) and two larger values (30%, and 10% exceedance probability). For example, there is a 90% chance that the actual flow will be more than the 90% exceedance probability forecast. The others can be interpreted similarly.

The wider the spread among these values, the more uncertain the forecast. As the season progresses, forecasts become more accurate, primarily because a greater portion of the future weather conditions become known; this is reflected by a narrowing of the range around the 50% exceedance probability forecast. Users should take this uncertainty into consideration when making operational decisions by selecting forecasts corresponding to the level of risk they are willing to assume about the amount of water to be expected. If users anticipate receiving a lesser supply of water, or if they wish to increase their chances of having an adequate supply of water for their operations, they may want to base their decisions on the 90% or 70% exceedance probability forecasts, or something in between. On the other hand, if users are concerned about receiving too much water (for example, threat of flooding), they may want to base their decisions on the 30% or 10% exceedance probability forecasts, or something in between. Regardless of the forecast value users choose for operations, they should be prepared to deal with either more or less water. (Users should remember that even if the 90% exceedance probability forecast is used, there is still a 10% chance of receiving less than this amount.) By using the exceedance probability information, users can easily determine the chances of receiving more or less water.

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Washington Water Supply Outlook

February 2004

General Outlook

Overall conditions are near normal for most of the State of Washington. The only exceptions are across the northern tier of the state from the Upper Skagit River Basin to the Idaho border where snowpack remains below average. Good snowfall accumulations were noted over the past couple of weeks. However increases in basin wide averages were limited and every week that goes by without significant snowfall reduces those averages. Climate outlooks provided by the National Weather Service indicate the possibility of February being a little dryer than normal. However 90-day forecasts indicate good chances of above average precipitation accompanied with above average temperatures.

Snowpack

The February 1 statewide SNOTEL readings were near average at 102% of normal. The Omak Creek and Toats Coulee Creek snow surveys reported the lowest readings at 69% of average. Readings in the South Fork Nooksack River Basin reported the highest at 155% of average. Westside averages from SNOTEL, and February 1 snow surveys, included the North Puget Sound river basins with 124% of average, the Central Puget river basins with 109%, and the Lewis-Cowlitz basins with 106% of average. Snowpack along the east slopes of the Cascade Mountains included the Yakima area with 101% and the Wenatchee area with 87%. Snowpack in the Spokane River Basin was at 109% and the Walla Walla River Basin had 117% of average. Maximum snow cover in Washington was at Paradise Park SNOTEL near Mt. Rainer, with water content of 52.8 inches. This site would normally have 48.1 inches of water content on February 1. Last year at this time Paradise Park had 23.9 inches of snow water. The highest average in the state was Elbow Lake SNOTEL in the Nooksack River Basin with 161% of average.

| BASIN PERCENT OF LAST YEAR PERCE | NT OF AVERAGE |
|----------------------------------|---------------|
| | |
| Spokane 217 | |
| Newman Lake 174 | |
| Pend Oreille 140 | |
| Okanogan 114 | |
| Methow 90 | 80 |
| Similkameen 254 | |
| Wenatchee 113 | |
| Chelan 96 | 73 |
| Upper Yakima 144 | 96 |
| Lower Yakima 129 | |
| Ahtanum Creek | |
| Walla Walla 237 | |
| Lower Snake 174 | |
| Cowlitz 203 | 108 |
| Lewis 244 | 103 |
| White 133 | 108 |
| Green 285 | |
| Puyallup | 108 |
| Cedar 361 | 107 |
| Snoqualmie 279 | 105 |
| Skykomish 245 | |
| Skagit 131 | 91 |
| Baker 310 | 126 |
| Nooksack 287 | 155 |
| Olympic Peninsula 117 | 100 |

Precipitation

During the month of January, the National Weather Service and Natural Resources Conservation Service climate stations reported varying precipitation totals throughout Washington river basins. The highest percent of average in the state was at Chewelah, Washington which reported 349% of average for a total of 7.95 inches. The average for this site is 2.28 inches for January. The wettest spot in the state was reported at June Lake SNOTEL with a January accumulation of 27.7 inches. Basin averages for the water year are all near to above average with the Olympics reporting the highest at 125% and the Cowlitz-Lewis with the lowest at 93% of average.

| RIVER | JANUARY | WATER YEAR |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| BASIN | PERCENT OF AVERAGE | PERCENT OF AVERAGE |
| | | |
| Spokane | 112 | |
| Colville-Pend Oreille . | 106 | 96 |
| Okanogan-Methow | 69 | 106 |
| Wenatchee-Chelan | 73 | 104 |
| Upper Yakima | 107 | |
| Lower Yakima | 99 | 100 |
| Walla Walla | 145 | 99 |
| Lower Snake | 125 | 106 |
| Cowlitz-Lewis | 102 | 93 |
| White-Green-Puyallup | 107 | 102 |
| Central Puget Sound | 106 | |
| North Puget Sound | 94 | |
| _ | 100 | |
| | | |

Reservoir

Seasonal reservoir levels in Washington vary greatly due to specific watershed management practices required in preparation for irrigation season, fisheries management, power generation and flood control. Reservoir storage in the Upper Yakima Basin was 322,100-acre feet, 72% of average and 91,600-acre feet, 75% of average for Rimrock and Bumping Lakes. Storage at the Okanogan reservoirs was 60% of average for February 1. The power generation reservoirs included the following: Coeur d'Alene Lake, 69,500 acre feet, 60% of average and 29% of capacity; Chelan Lake, 401,300-acre feet, 127% of average and 59% of capacity; and the Skagit River reservoirs at 99% of average and 70% of capacity.

| BASIN | PERCENT OF | CAPACITY | CURRENT STORAGE AS |
|----------------------|------------|----------|--------------------|
| | | | PERCENT OF AVERAGE |
| | | | |
| Spokane | | 29 | 60 |
| Colville-Pend Oreill | e | N/A | N/A |
| Okanogan-Methow | | 42 | 60 |
| Wenatchee-Chelan | | | |
| Upper Yakima | | 39 | |
| Lower Yakima | | 40 | 75 |
| North Puget Sound | | 70 | 99 |

Streamflow

February forecasts vary from 114% of average for Mill Creek at Walla Walla to 77% of average for Chamokane Creek near Long Lake. April-September forecasts for some Western Washington streams include the Cedar River near Cedar Falls, 103%; Green River, 103%; and Skagit River, 102%. Some Eastern Washington streams include the Yakima River near Parker, 102%: Wenatchee River at Plain, 96%; and Spokane River near Post Falls, 111%. Volumetric forecasts are developed using current, historic and average snowpack, precipitation and streamflow data collected and coordinated by organizations cooperating with NRCS. Caution should be used when using early season forecasts for critical water resource management decisions.

Statewide January streamflows also varied. The South Fork Walla Walla River near Milton, OR had the highest reported flows with 118% of average. The Yakima River at Kiona with 44% of average was the lowest in the state. Other streamflows were the following percentage of average: the Cowlitz at Castle Rock, 94%; the Spokane at Spokane, 48%; the Columbia below Rock Island Dam, 75%; and the Cle Elum near Roslyn, 60%.

| BASIN | PERCENT OF AVERAGE |
|--|--|
| | MOST PROBABLE FORECAST |
| | (50 PERCENT CHANCE OF EXCEEDENCE) |
| Spokane | |
| Colville-Pend Oreille | |
| Okanogan-Methow | |
| Wenatchee-Chelan | |
| Upper Yakima | |
| Lower Yakima | |
| Walla Walla | |
| Lower Snake | |
| Cowlitz-Lewis | |
| White-Green-Puyallup | |
| Central Puget Sound | |
| North Puget Sound | |
| Olympic Peninsula | |
| orympic reministra | |
| STREAM | PERCENT OF AVERAGE |
| | JANUARY STREAMFLOWS |
| | DANUAKI SIKEAMELUWS |
| | JANUARI SIREAMFLOWS |
| Pend Oreille Below Box Canyon | |
| Pend Oreille Below Box Canyon Kettle at Laurier | 60 |
| Pend Oreille Below Box Canyon Kettle at Laurier Columbia at Birchbank | 60 74 |
| Kettle at Laurier | |
| Kettle at Laurier | |
| Kettle at Laurier | |
| Kettle at Laurier Columbia at Birchbank Spokane at Long Lake Similkameen at Nighthawk Okanogan at Tonasket Methow at Pateros | |
| Kettle at Laurier Columbia at Birchbank Spokane at Long Lake Similkameen at Nighthawk Okanogan at Tonasket Methow at Pateros Chelan at Chelan | |
| Kettle at Laurier Columbia at Birchbank Spokane at Long Lake Similkameen at Nighthawk Okanogan at Tonasket Methow at Pateros Chelan at Chelan Wenatchee at Pashastin | 60 74 89 49 82 79 98 78 |
| Kettle at Laurier Columbia at Birchbank Spokane at Long Lake Similkameen at Nighthawk Okanogan at Tonasket Methow at Pateros Chelan at Chelan Wenatchee at Pashastin Yakima at Cle Elum | |
| Kettle at Laurier Columbia at Birchbank Spokane at Long Lake Similkameen at Nighthawk Okanogan at Tonasket Methow at Pateros Chelan at Chelan Wenatchee at Pashastin Yakima at Cle Elum Yakima at Parker | |
| Kettle at Laurier Columbia at Birchbank Spokane at Long Lake Similkameen at Nighthawk Okanogan at Tonasket Methow at Pateros Chelan at Chelan Wenatchee at Pashastin Yakima at Cle Elum Yakima at Parker Naches at Naches | 60 74 89 49 82 79 88 78 71 63 54 |
| Kettle at Laurier Columbia at Birchbank Spokane at Long Lake Similkameen at Nighthawk Okanogan at Tonasket Methow at Pateros Chelan at Chelan Wenatchee at Pashastin Yakima at Cle Elum Yakima at Parker Naches at Naches Grande Ronde at Troy | 60 74 89 49 82 79 82 79 83 78 78 71 63 54 |
| Kettle at Laurier Columbia at Birchbank Spokane at Long Lake Similkameen at Nighthawk Okanogan at Tonasket Methow at Pateros Chelan at Chelan Wenatchee at Pashastin Yakima at Cle Elum Yakima at Parker Naches at Naches Grande Ronde at Troy Snake below Lower Granite Dam | 60 74 89 49 82 79 88 78 71 63 54 55 55 |
| Kettle at Laurier Columbia at Birchbank Spokane at Long Lake Similkameen at Nighthawk Okanogan at Tonasket Methow at Pateros Chelan at Chelan Wenatchee at Pashastin Yakima at Cle Elum Yakima at Parker Naches at Naches Grande Ronde at Troy Snake below Lower Granite Dam SF Walla Walla near Milton Freewater | 60 74 89 49 82 79 98 78 71 63 54 55 55 55 |
| Kettle at Laurier Columbia at Birchbank Spokane at Long Lake Similkameen at Nighthawk Okanogan at Tonasket Methow at Pateros Chelan at Chelan Wenatchee at Pashastin Yakima at Cle Elum Yakima at Parker Naches at Naches Grande Ronde at Troy Snake below Lower Granite Dam SF Walla Walla near Milton Freewater Columbia River at The Dalles | 60 74 89 49 82 79 82 79 88 78 71 63 54 55 55 55 118 |
| Kettle at Laurier Columbia at Birchbank Spokane at Long Lake Similkameen at Nighthawk Okanogan at Tonasket Methow at Pateros Chelan at Chelan Wenatchee at Pashastin Yakima at Cle Elum Yakima at Parker Naches at Naches Grande Ronde at Troy Snake below Lower Granite Dam SF Walla Walla near Milton Freewater | 60 74 89 49 82 79 98 78 71 63 71 63 54 55 55 55 118 70 102 |

Skagit at Concrete

BASIN SUMMARY OF SNOW COURSE DATA

FEBRUARY 2004

| SNOW COURSE | ELEVATION | DATE | SNOW DEPTH | WATER CONTENT | LAST YEAR | AVERAGE 1971-00 | SNOW COURSE | ELEVATION | DATE | SNOW DEPTH | WATER CONTENT | LAST YEAR | AVERAGE 1971-00 |
|--|----------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------|--------------------|--|------------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| AHTANUM R.S. | 3100 | 1/27/04 | 20 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 7.1 | MISSION RIDGE | 5000 | 1/30/04 | 38 | 10.9 | 13.0 | 11.9 |
| ALPINE MEADOWS SN | | 2/01/04 | 88 | 37.2 | 3.1 | 29.2 | | CAN. 4500 | 2/02/04 | 39 | 9.4 | 6.6 13.0 | 9.6 18.6 |
| ASHLEY DIVIDE BADGER PASS SNOTE | 4820 L 6900 | 1/27/04 2/01/04 | 24 78 | 5.0 20.9 | 1.8 | 5.1 22.3 | MORRISSEY RIDGE (MORSE LAKE SNO | CAN. 6100 OTEL 5400 | 2/01/04 2/01/04 | | 19.5 37.4 | 33.1 | 36.9 |
| BARKER LAKES SNOT | EL 8250 | 2/01/04 | 32 | 7.8 | 7.3 | 9.2 | MOSES MOUNTAIN (2 | • | 1/29/04 | 24 | 6.2 | 10.0 | 12.0 |
| BARNES CREEK C BASIN CREEK SNOTE | AN. 5320 L 7180 | 2/02/04 2/01/04 | 54 21 | 13.8 4.5 | 15.7 4.1 | 14.4 | MOSES MTN SNO MOSES PEAK | OTEL 4800 6650 | 2/01/04 1/29/04 | 26 37 | 5.9 10.1 | 11.5 | 9.6 |
| BEAVER CREEK TRAI | | 1/28/04 | | 13.1 | 8.9 | 10.3 | | OTEL 5200 | 2/01/04 | | 30.4 | 18.0 | 24.6 |
| BEAVER PASS | 3680 | 1/28/04 | | 20.4 | 13.9 | 19.3 | MOULTON RESERVOIS | | 1/27/04 | 30 | 6.4 | 4.3 | 5.2 |
| BERNE-MILL CREEK BIG WHITE MIN C | (d) 3170 AN. 5510 | 2/02/04 2/02/04 | 68 51 | 18.6 12.6 | 13.9 | 20.2 13.3 | | CAN. 5500 | 2/01/04 1/31/04 | 44 28 | 17.5 6.0 | 17.4 9.0 | 19.3 7.9 |
| BLACK PINE SNOTEL | 7100 | 2/01/04 | 28 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 8.0 | MOUNT TOLMAN | 2000 | 1/27/04 | 9 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.6 |
| BLEWETT PASS #2 | 4270 TEL 4270 | 1/27/04 | 31 31 | 9.6 | 10.8 | 11.5 12.4 | MOUNT GARDNER SNO MUTTON CREEK #1 | | 2/01/04 1/28/04 | 29 | 13.4 7.0 | 1.9 | 12.0 9.4 |
| BLEWETT PASS#2SNO BRIEF | 1600 | 2/01/04 1/30/04 | 17 | 8.9 4.6 | 9.8 | 6.0 | N.F. ELK CR SNOTE | 5700 EL 6250 | 2/01/04 | 35 | 8.4 | 6.1 | 8.0 |
| BROWN TOP | AM 6000 | 1/28/04 | 109 | 37.0 | 30.0 | 42.5 | NEW HOZOMEEN LAKE | | 1/28/04 | 24 | 6.0 | 4.2 | 7.8 |
| BUMPING LAKE (NEW BUMPING RIDGE SNO | | 1/29/04 2/01/04 | 39 73 | 12.8 22.0 | 12.2 | 13.3 19.4 | NEZ PERCE CMP SNO NOISY BASIN SNOTE | | 2/01/04 2/01/04 | 41 95 | 10.8 26.0 | 8.3 19.3 | 9.9 27.0 |
| BUNCHGRASS MDWSNO | | 2/01/04 | | 20.1 | 19.9 | 18.6 | | TEL 3960 | 2/01/04 | 88 | 38.7 | 19.6 | 39.2 |
| CHESSMAN RESERVOI | | 1/27/04 | 13 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 2.5 | OLALLIE MEADOWS | 3630 | 2/01/04 | | 27.0 | 15.0 | 27.4 |
| CHICKEN CREEK CHIWAUKUM G.S. | 4060 2500 | 1/27/04 2/02/04 | 60 26 | 17.2 6.9 | 8.8 | 11.5 8.6 | OPHIR PARK PARADISE PARK SNO | 7150 TEL 5500 | 2/01/04 2/01/04 | 34 | 8.6 52.8 | 7.2 23.9 | 10.6 48.1 |
| COLOCKUM PASS | 5370 | 1/28/04 | 38 | 12.0 | 12.1 | 11.7 | PARK CK RIDGE SNO | | 2/01/04 | 90 | 28.2 | 26.7 | 35.0 |
| COMBINATION SNOTE | | 2/01/04 | 12 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 3.4 | PETERSON MDW SNOT | | 2/01/04 | 26 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 6.1 |
| COPPER BOTTOM SNOT | TEL 5200 7700 | 2/01/04 1/25/04 | 43 35 | 9.0 5.5 | 5.4 3.5 | 8.0 7.0 | PIGTAIL PEAK SNO PIKE CREEK SNOTEI | DTEL 5900 L 5930 | 2/01/04 2/01/04 | 130 66 | 42.3 16.6 | 27.1 10.0 | 34.3 17.8 |
| CORRAL PASS SNO | | 2/01/04 | | 26.3 | 16.2 | 22.1 | PIPESTONE PASS | 7200 | 1/30/04 | 12 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 3.2 |
| COUGAR MIN. SNO | | 2/01/04 | 32 | 10.3 | .0 | 13.7 | | OTEL 3540 | 2/01/04 | 41 | 11.1 | 14.7 | 14.9 |
| COX VALLEY COYOTE HILL | 4500 4200 | 1/31/04 1/26/04 | 78 33 | 26.1 7.8 | 15.7 3.6 | 24.2 7.3 | | OTEL 4500 OTEL 4700 | 2/01/04 2/01/04 | 57 | 22.0 16.8 | 10.7 | 18.5 15.4 |
| DALY CREEK SNOTEL | 5780 | 2/01/04 | 31 | 7.9 | 6.8 | 7.4 | RAGGED MOUNTAIN | 4200 | 1/31/04 | 55 | 18.0 | 9.1 | 14.1 |
| DEVILS PARK | 5900 | 1/29/04 | 86 | 29.4 | 18.8 | 30.7 | RAGGED RIDGE | 3330 | 1/30/04 | 30 | 7.6 | 2.9 | |
| DISCOVERY BASIN DIX HILL | 7050 6400 | 1/28/04 2/01/04 | 31 27 | 6.7 6.9 | 5.4 4.6 | 6.6 7.6 | | OTEL 4780 OTEL 1900 | 2/01/04 2/01/04 | 84 | 23.7 25.3 | 25.5 3.0 | 30.2 21.7 |
| DOMMERIE FLATS | 2200 | 1/29/04 | 21 | 7.1 | 5.4 | 6.4 | ROCKER PEAK SNOTE | | 2/01/04 | 33 | 7.7 | 7.0 | 9.1 |
| EAST RAGGED SADDLE | | 1/31/04 | 51 | 16.0 | 8.2 | 14.6 | RUSTY CREEK | 4000 | 1/28/04 | 17 | 3.4 | 6.6 | 4 9 |
| ELBOW LAKE SNOT | | 2/01/04 2/01/04 | 55 | 32.9 13.3 | 7.8 | 20.4 | SF THUNDER CK SADDLE MTN SNOTEL | AN 2200 2 7900 | 2/01/04 2/01/04 | 66 | 7.5E 16.7 | 2.5 14.7 | 5.9 17.3 |
| | AN. 5800 | 1/31/04 | 78 | 21.3 | 21.5 | 27.2 | | TEL 4500 | 2/01/04 | 27 | 6.6 | 9.3 | 7.5 |
| | AN. 4000 | 1/26/04 | 36 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 8.7 | | TEL 4200 | 2/01/04 | 56 | 23.2 | 17.2 | 23.8 |
| FISH CREEK FISH LAKE | 8000 3370 | 1/27/04 1/29/04 | 23 71 | 5.8 22.0 | 4.0 14.8 | 5.8 24.5 | SAVAGE PASS SNO SAWMILL RIDGE | TEL 6170 4700 | 2/01/04 2/02/04 | 85 72 | 18.1 24.5 | 16.7 9.0 | 17.6 22.9 |
| FISH LAKE SNO | | 2/01/04 | 77 | 22.9 | 15.1 | 24.7 | SCHREIBERS MDW | AM 3400 | 1/29/04 | 107 | 40.6 | 13.0 | 32.4 |
| FLATTOP MTN SNOTE | | 2/01/04 | 110 | 29.2 | 25.8 | 31.8 | | TEL 4050 | 2/01/04 | | 19.6 | 2.5 | 23.9 |
| FOURTH OF JULY SUI FREEZEOUT CK. TRA | | 1/28/04 | 40 32 | 9.4 9.8 | 1.1 5.0 | 7.1 8.8 | SHERWIN SNO SILVER STAR MIN C | TEL 3200 CAN. 5600 | 2/01/04 2/01/04 | 61 | 10.6 17.2 | 1.8 | 8.4 20.0 |
| FROHNER MOWS SNOT | | 2/01/04 | 23 | 5.4 | 4.5 | 5.0 | SKALKAHO SNOTEL | 7260 | 2/01/04 | 54 | 14.0 | 13.5 | 16.0 |
| GOAT CREEK | 3600 | 1/29/04 | 26 | 5.9 | 5.5 | 5.1 | SKOOKUM CREEK SNO | | 2/01/04 | 51 | 21.3 | .0 | 20.2 |
| GRASS MOUNTAIN #2 GRAVE CRK SNOTEL | 2900 4300 | 2/02/04 2/01/04 | 30 54 | 9.7 14.3 | 9.3 | 7.5 11.7 | SOURDOUGH GULCH S SPENCER MDW SNO | NTL 4000 TEL 3400 | 2/01/04 2/01/04 | 2 | .9 24.2 | 8.2 | 21.9 |
| GREEN LAKE SNO | | 2/01/04 | 60 | 16.7 | 14.1 | 15.4 | | TEL 3100 | 2/01/04 | | 1.5 | .1 | |
| | AN. 4700 | 2/02/04 2/01/04 | 36 | 7.9 | 6.1 | 6.3 | SPOTTED BEAR MIN. SOURDOUGH GULCH S | | 2/02/04 | 40 2 | 9.7 | 5.4 | 10.1 |
| GROUSE CAMP SNOT | TEL 5380 AN. 4550 | 1/31/04 | 47 40 | 13.8 10.2 | 14.7 | 14.0 9.9 | STABL PEAK SNOTEL | | 2/01/04 2/01/04 | 84 | .9 23.1 | .0 19.9 | 24.1 |
| HAND CREEK SNOTEL | 5030 | 2/01/04 | 36 | 8.5 | 4.9 | 8.6 | STAMPEDE PASS SNO | TEL 3860 | 2/01/04 | 87 | 30.7 | 17.8 | 31.0 |
| HARTS PASS SNOT | | 2/01/04 1/30/04 | 83 74 | 26.0 21.3 | 21.0 | 31.3 | STEMILT SLIDE STEVENS PASS SNO | 5000 TEL 4070 | 1/29/04 2/01/04 | 33 102 | 9.6 28.2 | 7.0 17.8 | 10.4 30.2 |
| HERRIG JUNCTION | 4850 | 1/27/04 | | 18.2 | 15.2 | 20.7 18.1 | STEVENS PASS SAND | | 2/02/04 | 82 | 23.9 | 15.5 | 24.0 |
| HIGH RIDGE SNO | TEL 4980 | 2/01/04 | | 23.5 | 8.1 | 16.9 | STORM LAKE | 7780 | 1/28/04 | 31 | 6.8 | 6.1 | 8.3 |
| HOLBROOK HOODOO BASIN SNOT | 4530 EL 6050 | 2/02/04 2/01/04 | 29 102 | 7.0 26.9 | 2.0 20.1 | 7.2 30.1 | STRYKER BASIN SUMMERLAND RES | 6180 CAN. 4200 | 1/27/04 1/29/04 | 69 32 | 18.4 6.9 | 17.6 2.6 | 21.3 6.9 |
| HUMBOLDT GLCE SNOT | | 2/01/04 | | 11.3 | 2.2 | 9.5 | | TEL 5540 | 2/01/04 | | 16.6 | 7.0 | 20.9 |
| INTERGAARD | 6450 | 2/01/04 | | 4.5E | 3.2 | 4.8 | SURPRISE LKS SNO | | 2/01/04 | | 35.8 | 19.6 | 32.2 |
| JUNE LAKE CO | AN. 5100 TEL 3200 | 1/28/04 2/01/04 | 26 83 | 4.8 20.6 | 2.2 5.6 | 5.2 28.4 | TEN MILE LOWER TEN MILE MIDDLE | 6600 6800 | 1/27/04 | 23 28 | 4.7 5.7 | 3.4 4.2 | 4.7 7.1 |
| KELLER RIDGE | 3700 | 1/27/04 | 16 | 3.5 | 4.0 | | THUNDER BASIN | 4200 | 2/01/04 | | 13.5E | 10.8 | 14.5 |
| KELLOGG PEAK KRAFT CREEK SNOTE | 5560 4750 | 1/29/04 2/01/04 | 70 41 | 22.0 11.0 | 10.2 7.3 | 20.7 10.9 | TINKHAM CREEK SNO TOGO | TEL 3000 3370 | 2/01/04 1/29/04 | 24 | 20.0 6.0 | 9.4 5.6 | 22.7 7.4 |
| LESTER CREEK | 3100 | 2/02/04 | 48 | 15.0 | 7.0 | 14.2 | | TEL 5530 | 2/01/04 | 79 | 24.2 | 12.0 | 23.8 |
| LOLO PASS SNO | | 2/01/04 | 91 | 21.8 | 16.9 | 20.9 | TRINKUS LAKE | 6100 | 2/02/04 | 85 | 25.7 | 18.0 | 26.6 |
| LONE PINE SNOT | | 2/01/04 2/01/04 | 82 | 29.6 23.1 | 11.7 11.2 | 24.1 | TROUGH #2 SNO TRUMAN CREEK | TEL 5310 4060 | 2/01/04 2/03/04 | 28 17 | 7.8 4.0 | 11.5 | 7.5 3.5 |
| LOST HORSE SNO | | 2/01/04 | 46 | 13.9 | 12.7 | 13.1 | TUNNEL AVENUE | 2450 | 1/29/04 | 43 | 16.4 | 8.7 | 14.8 |
| LOST LAKE SNOT | | 2/01/04 | | 39.2 | 20.8 | 40.6 | TV MOUNTAIN | 6800 | 2/02/04 | 44 | 11.8 | 6.3 | 12.0 |
| LUBRECHT FOREST NO LUBRECHT FOREST NO | | 1/30/04 1/30/04 | 19 10 | 3.8 2.1 | 1.6 | 4.6 | TWELVEMILE SNOTEL | 5600 4100 | 2/01/04 2/02/04 | 55 49 | 14.7 16.2 | 8.9 5.8 | 12.8 17.4 |
| LUBRECHT FOREST NO | 6 4040 | 1/29/04 | 10 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 2.8 | TWIN LAKES | 2700 | 1/28/04 | 23 | 5.4 | 6.0 | 5.4 |
| LUBRECHT HYDROPLO | | 1/29/04 | 16 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 4.2 | TWIN LAKES SNOTEL | | 2/01/04 | 103 | 30.8 | 21.9 | 27.5 |
| LUBRECHT SNOTEL LYMAN LAKE SNOTEL | 4680 TEL 5900 | 2/01/04 2/01/04 | 20 | 5.0 25.6 | 3.4 35.5 | 4.2 | TWIN SPIRIT DIVID UPPER HOLLAND LAK | | 1/31/04 2/02/04 | 34 85 | 9.6 24.2 | 4.0 14.4 | 10.5 23.7 |
| LYNN LAKE | 4000 | 2/02/04 | 44 | 15.7 | 3.3 | 14.5 | UPPER WHEELER SNO | TEL 4400 | 2/01/04 | 34 | 10.1 | 10.2 | 9.2 |
| MARIAS PASS | 5250 | 1/31/04 | 47 | 13.0 | 4.6 | 11.7 | WARM SPRINGS SNOT | | 2/01/04 | 53 | 13.3 | 12.4 | 13.8 |
| MCCULLOCH C | AN. 4200 1900 | 1/30/04 1/29/04 | 29 11 | 5.3 3.1 | 2.8 | 4.9 5.0 | WEASEL DIVIDE WELLS CREEK SNO | 5450 TEL 4200 | 1/29/04 2/01/04 | 76 77 | 20.6 25.7 | 13.5 | 21.5 a |
| MEADOWS PASS SNO | FEL 3240 | 2/01/04 | 59 | 21.8 | 8.0 | 19.1 | WHITE PASS ES SNO | TEL 4500 | 2/01/04 | 61 | 16.9 | 12.0 | 17.1 |
| MERRITT | 2140 | 2/02/04 | 33 | 9.6 | 7.8 | 11.7 | WHITE ROCKS MIN C | AN. 7200 | 1/28/04 | 50 | 14.3 | 9.3 | 15.7 |
| MICA CREEK SNO | TEL 4750 AN. 5080 | 2/01/04 2/02/04 | | 22.8 6.1 | 9.2 2.4 | 18.3 | | | | | | | |
| | | ,, | | | | | | | | | | | |



Natural Resources Conservation Service

Washington State

Snow, Water and Climate Services

Program Contacts

RL "Gus" Hughbanks
State Conservationist
Spokane State Office
W. 316 Boone Ave., Suite 450
Spokane, WA 99201-2348
phone: 509-323-2961
fax: 509-323-2979
gus.hughbanks@wa.usda.gov

Scott Pattee
Water Supply Specialist
Washington Snow Survey Office
2021 E. College Way, Suite 214
Mount Vernon, WA 98273-2873

phone: 360-428-7684 fax: 360-424-6172 scott.pattee@wa.usda.gov Jon Lea
Assistant DCO Supervisor
Oregon Data Collection Office
101 SW Main St, Suite 1300
Portland, OR 97204
Phone: 503-414-3267
Fax: 503-414-3277
jon.lea@or.usda.gov

Chris Pacheco
Resource Conservationist
National Water and Climate Center
101 SW Main St., Suite 1600
Portland, OR 97204-3224
phone: 503-414-3056

phone: 503-414-3056 fax: 503-414-3101 cpacheco@wcc.nrcs.usda.gov

Helpful Internet Addresses

NRCS Snow Survey and Climate Services Homepages

Washington:

http://www.wa.nrcs.usda.gov/snow/snow

Oregon:

http://www.or.nrcs.usda.gov/snow/snow

Idaho:

http://www.id.nrcs.usda.gov/snow

National Water and Climate Center (NWCC): http://www.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov

NWCC Anonymous FTP Server: ftp.wcc.nrcs.usda.gov

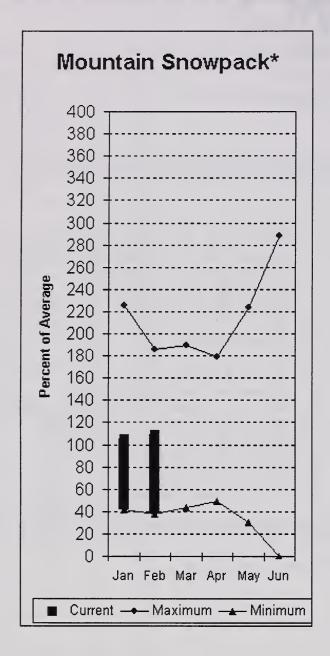
USDA-NRCS Agency Homepages

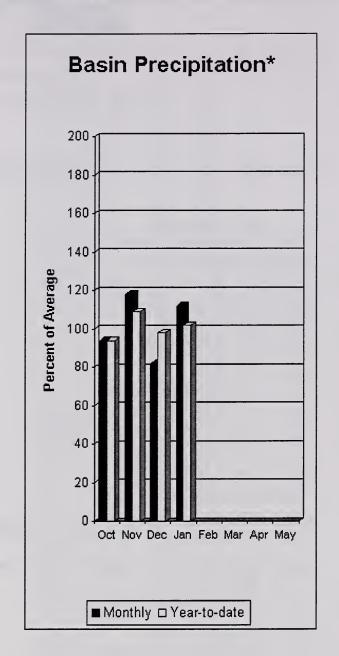
Washington:

http://www.wa.nrcs.usda.gov/nrcs

NRCS National: http://www.nrcs.usda.gov

Spokane River Basin





*Based on selected stations

The February 1 forecasts for summer runoff within the Spokane River Basin are 111% of average near Post Falls and 110% at Long Lake. The Chamokane River near Long Lake forecasted to have 77% of average flows for the May-August period. The forecast is based on a basin snowpack that is 109% of average and precipitation that is 102% of average for the water year. Precipitation for January was above normal at 112% of average. Streamflow on the Spokane River at Long Lake was 49% of average for January. February 1 storage in Coeur d'Alene Lake was 69,500-acre feet, 60% of average and 29% of capacity. Snowpack at Quartz Peak SNOTEL site was 109% of average with 16.8 inches of water content. Temperatures in the Spokane basin were near averagel for the past 28 days and for the water year.

Spokane River Basin

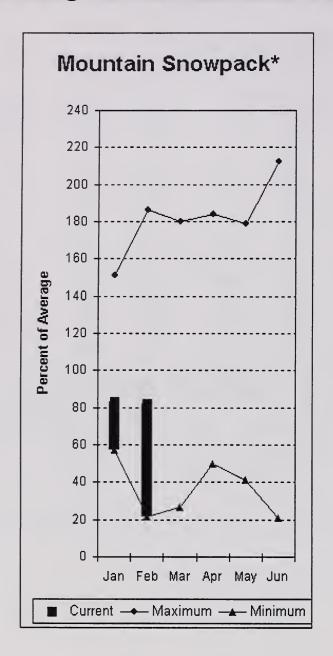
SPOKANE RIVER BASIN Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2004 _______ ------<<===== Drier ====== Future Conditions ====== Wetter ====>> Forecast Point Forecast 50% (Most Probable) 30% 10% 30-Yr Avg. 70% 90% Period (1000AF) (1000AF) (1000AF) (1000AF) (% AVG.) (1000AF) (1000AF) ______ 3180 3540 APR-SEP SPOKANE near Post Falls (2) 2340 2700 2940 111 2550 111 APR-JUL 2250 2590 2830 2850 3800 110 3400 APR-JUL SPOKANE at Long Lake (2) 3070 3090 3370 110 3650 4070 SPOKANE RIVER BASIN SPOKANE RIVER BASIN Watershed Snowpack Analysis - February 1, 2004 Reservoir Storage (1000 AF) - End of January able | *** Usable Storage *** _____ Number This Year as % of Usable | *** Usable Control This Last Avg of Watershed Capacity Data Sites Year -----------SPOKANE RIVER 13 217 COEUR D'ALENE 238.5 NEWMAN LAKE

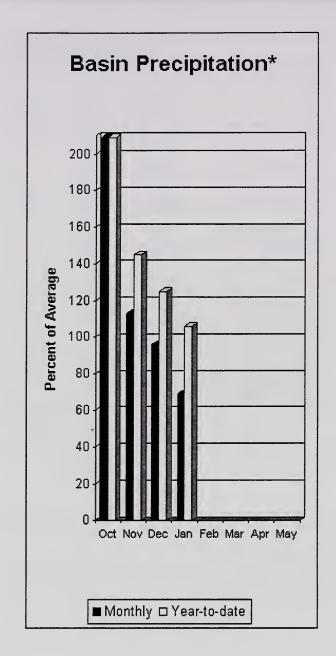
^{* 90%, 70%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

^{(1) -} The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.

^{(2) -} The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.

Okanogan - Methow River Basins





*Based on selected stations

Summer runoff average forecast for the Okanogan River is 85%, Similkameen River is 91%, Methow River is 94% and Salmon Creek is 82%. February 1 snow cover on the Okanogan was 88% of average, Omak Creek was 69% and the Methow was 80%. January precipitation in the Okanogan-Methow was 69% of average, with precipitation for the water year at 106% of average. January streamflow for the Methow River was 98% of average, 79% for the Okanogan River and 82% for the Similkameen. Snowwater content at Salmon Meadows SNOTEL was 6.6 inches. Average for this site is 7.5 inches on February 1. Combined storage in the Conconully Reservoirs was 9,900-acre feet, which is 42% of capacity and 60% of the February 1 average. Temperatures were 2-3 degrees above average for the past 28 days and 1 degree above normal for the water year.

Okanogan - Methow River Basins

| <<===== Drier ===== Future Conditions ====== Wetter ====>> |

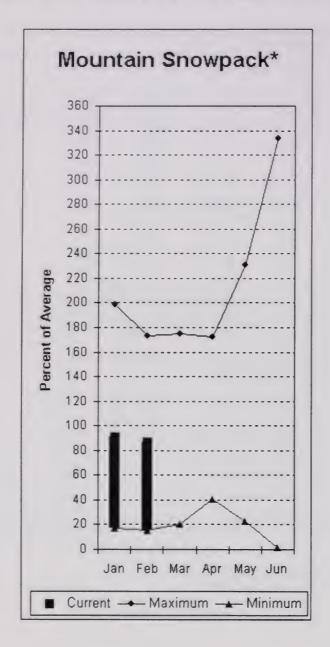
Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2004

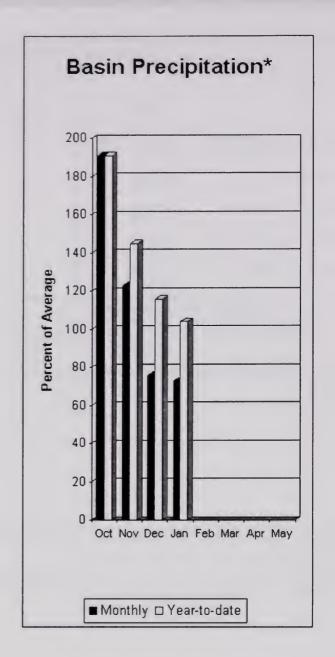
| rorceast rome | Period | 90% (1000AF) | 70% (1000AF) | 50% (Most (1000AF) | Probable) (% AVG.) | 30% (1000AF) | 10% (1000AF) | 30-Yr Avg. (1000AF) |
|----------------------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| SIMILKAMEEN near Nighthawk (1) | APR-JUL | 900 | 1130 | 1230 | 91 | 1330 | 1560 | 1350 |
| | APR-SEP | 735 | 1140 | 1320 | 91 | 1500 | 1910 | 1450 |
| OKANOGAN near Tonasket (1) | APR-JUL | 645 | 1130 | 1350 | 85 | 1570 | 2050 | 1580 |
| | APR-SEP | 705 | 1260 | 1510 | 85 | 1760 | 2310 | 1770 |
| SALMON CREEK near Conconully | APR-JUL | 15.6 | 16.3 | 16.8 | 84 | 17.3 | 18.0 | 20 |
| | APR-SEP | 16.1 | 16.8 | 17.3 | 82 | 17.8 | 18.5 | 21 |
| BEAVER CREEK below SF near Twisp | APR-SEP | 3.5 | 7.3 | 9.9 | 82 | 12.5 | 16.3 | 12.1 |
| | APR-JUL | 3.1 | 6.8 | 9.3 | 84 | 11.8 | 15.5 | 11.1 |
| METHOW RIVER near Pateros | APR-SEP | 610 | 795 | 925 | 94 | 1055 | 1245 | 985 |
| | APR-JUL | 685 | 785 | 855 | 94 | 925 | 1025 | 910 |
| | | | | 1 | | | | |

| | OKANOGAN - METHOW RIVER BASINS Reservoir Storage (1000 AF) - End of January | | | | | | OKANOGAN - METHOW RIVER BASINS Watershed Snowpack Analysis - February 1, 2004 | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|--|--|-----------|----------------------------|----|---|----|--|--|--|--|
| Reservoir | Usable Capacity | *** Usable Storage *** This Last Watershed Year Year Avg | | Watershed | Number of Data Sites | | ar as % of Average | | | | | |
| SALMON LAKE | .========== | NO REPORT | | | OKANOGAN RIVER | 14 | 114 | 88 | | | | |
| CONCONULLY RESERVOIR | | NO REPORT | | | OMAK CREEK | 1 | 51 | 57 | | | | |
| | | | | | SANPOIL RIVER | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| | | | | | SIMILKAMEEN RIVER | 2 | 243 | 99 | | | | |
| | | | | | TOATS COULEE CREEK | 1 | 75 | 69 | | | | |
| | | | | | CONCONULLY LAKE | 3 | 62 | 78 | | | | |
| | | | | | METHOW RIVER | 5 | 90 | 80 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

^{* 90%, 70%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

^{(1) -} The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
(2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.





*Based on selected stations

Precipitation during January was 73% of average in the basin and 104% for the year-to-date. Runoff for Entiat River is forecast to be 85% of average for the summer. The February-September average forecast for Chelan River is 87%, Wenatchee River at Plain is 96% and Stehekin is 84%. Icicle, Stemilt and Squilchuck creeks are all forecasted to have near average flows. January average streamflows on the Chelan River were 78% and on the Wenatchee River 71%. February 1 snowpack in the Wenatchee River Basin was 85% of average; the Chelan, 73%; the Entiat, 75%; Stemilt Creek, 101% and Colockum Creek, 103%. Reservoir storage in Lake Chelan was 401,300-acre feet, 127% of February 1 average and 59% of capacity. Miners Ridge SNOTEL had the most snow water with 28.8 inches of water. This site would normally have 36.2 inches on February 1. Temperatures were 1 degree below normal for the past 28 days and near normal for the water year.

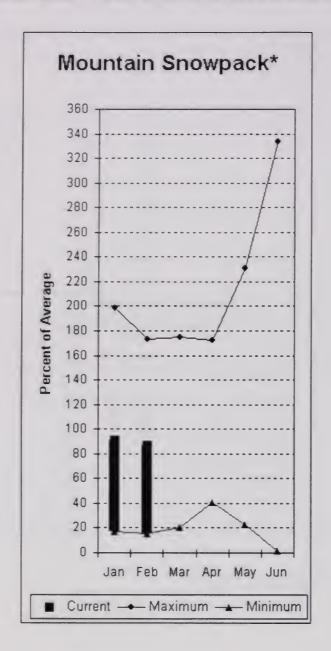
Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2004

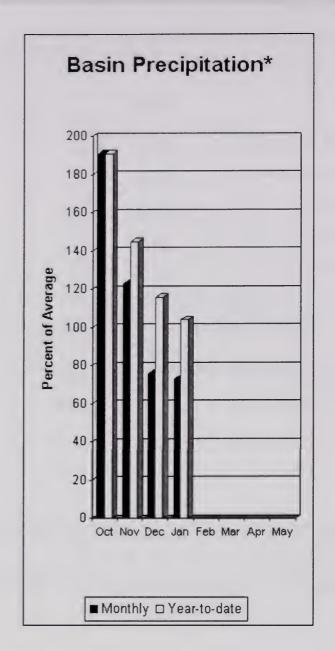
| | | <<==================================== | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--|-----------------|--|----------|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Forecast Point | Forecast Period | ======= 90% (1000AF) | 70% (1000AF) | = Chance Of E 50% (Most (1000AF) | | ====================================== | 10% (1000AF) | 30-Yr Avg (1000AF) |
| CHELAN RIVER near Chelan | APR-SEP APR-JUL | 855 760 | 960 850 | 1030 | 87 87 | 1100 970 | 1210 1060 | 1190 1050 |
| STEHEKIN near STEHEKIN | APR-SEP | 585 | 655 | 700 | 84 | 745 | 815 | 830 |
| | APR-JUL | 510 | 565 | 600 | 86 | 635 | 690 | 700 |
| ENTIAT RIVER nr Ardenvoir | APR-SEP | 163 | 188 | 205 | 85 | 220 | 245 | 240 |
| | APR-JUL | 150 | 173 | 188 | 87 | 205 | 225 | 215 |
| WENATCHEE at Plain | APR-SEP | 950 | 1060 | 1130 | 96 | 1200 | 1310 | 1180 |
| | APR-JUL | 890 | 970 | 1020 | 94 | 1070 | 1150 | 1080 |
| WENATCHEE R. at Peshastin | APR-SEP | 1119 | 1381 | 1560 | 95 | 1739 | 2000 | 1640 |
| | APR-JUL | 899 | 1203 | 1410 | 95 | 1615 | 1920 | 1480 |
| STEMILT CK nr Wenatchee (miner's in) | MAY-SEP | 91 | 123 | 145 | 105 | 167 | 199 | 138 |
| ICICLE CREEK near Leavenworth | APR-SEP | 305 | 330 | 345 | 100 | 360 | 385 | 345 |
| | APR-JUL | 285 | 305 | 320 | 100 | 335 | 355 | 320 |
| COLUMBIA R. bl Rock Island Dam (2) | APR-SEP | 56151 | 62730 | 67200 | 95 | 71670 | 78250 | 70500 |
| | APR-JUL | 45588 | 52442 | 57100 | 96 | 61760 | 68610 | 59700 |

| | rchee - Chelan River i orage (1000 AF) - End | | ıry | | WENATCHEE Watershed Snowp | - CHELAN RIVER back Analysis - | | 1, 2004 |
|-------------|---|--|-------|-----------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------|
| Reservoir | Usable Capacity | *** Usable Storage *** This Last Year Year Avg | | Watershed | Number of Data Sites | | r as % of Average | |
| CHELAN LAKE | 676.1 | 401.3 | 314.1 | 315.5 | CHELAN LAKE BASIN | 4 | 96 | 73 |
| | | | | | ENTIAT RIVER | 2 | 73 | 75 |
| | | | | | WENATCHEE RIVER | 13 | 113 | 85 |
| | | | | | SQUILCHUCK CREEK | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | STEMILT CREEK | 2 | 115 | 101 |
| | | | | | COLOCKUM CREEK | 2 | 84 | 103 |

^{* 90%, 70%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

^{(1) -} The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.(2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.





*Based on selected stations

Precipitation during January was 73% of average in the basin and 104% for the year-to-date. Runoff for Entiat River is forecast to be 85% of average for the summer. The February-September average forecast for Chelan River is 87%, Wenatchee River at Plain is 96% and Stehekin is 84%. Icicle, Stemilt and Squilchuck creeks are all forecasted to have near average flows. January average streamflows on the Chelan River were 78% and on the Wenatchee River 71%. February 1 snowpack in the Wenatchee River Basin was 85% of average; the Chelan, 73%; the Entiat, 75%; Stemilt Creek, 101% and Colockum Creek, 103%. Reservoir storage in Lake Chelan was 401,300-acre feet, 127% of February 1 average and 59% of capacity. Miners Ridge SNOTEL had the most snow water with 28.8 inches of water. This site would normally have 36.2 inches on February 1. Temperatures were 1 degree below normal for the past 28 days and near normal for the water year.

2

115

101 103

Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2004 _____ <<===== Drier ====== Future Conditions ======= Wetter ====>> Forecast Point Forecast ============== Chance Of Exceeding * ================= 50% (Most Probable) 30-Yr Avg. Period 90% 70% 30% (1000AF) (1000AF) (1000AF) (% AVG.) (1000AF) (1000AF) (1000AF) _____ CHELAN RIVER near Chelan APR-SEP 960 1030 87 1100 1210 1190 APR-JUL 760 850 910 87 970 1060 1050 STEHEKIN near STEHEKIN 700 84 APR-SEP 585 655 APR-JUL 510 86 700 ENTIAT RIVER nr Ardenvoir APR-SEP 163 188 205 85 220 245 240 87 205 225 215 APR-JUL 150 173 188 1200 1180 WENATCHEE at Plain APR-SEP 1060 1020 94 1070 1150 1080 APR-JUL 1739 2000 WENATCHEE R. at Peshastin APR-SEP 1119 1381 1560 95 1640 APR-JUL 899 1203 1410 95 1615 1920 1480 123 105 167 199 138 STEMILT CK nr Wenatchee (miner's in) MAY-SEP ICICLE CREEK near Leavenworth APR-SEP 305 330 345 100 360 385 345 APR-JTITI 285 305 320 100 335 355 320 COLUMBIA R. bl Rock Island Dam (2) APR-SEP 62730 67200 95 71670 78250 70500 56151 59700 APR-JUL 45588 52442 68610 WENATCHEE - CHELAN RIVER BASINS WENATCHEE - CHELAN RIVER BASINS Watershed Snowpack Analysis - February 1, 2004 Reservoir Storage (1000 AF) - End of January *** Usable Storage *** Number Usable This Last of Capacity Year Year Avg Data Sites Last Yr Average ______ ______ CHELAN LAKE 676.1 401.3 314.1 315.5 CHELAN LAKE BASIN 4 96 73 ENTIAT RIVER 2 73 75 WENATCHEE RIVER 13 113 85 SQUILCHUCK CREEK 0 0 0

STEMILT CREEK

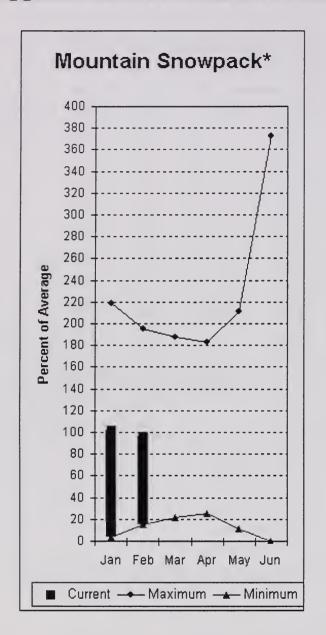
COLOCKUM CREEK

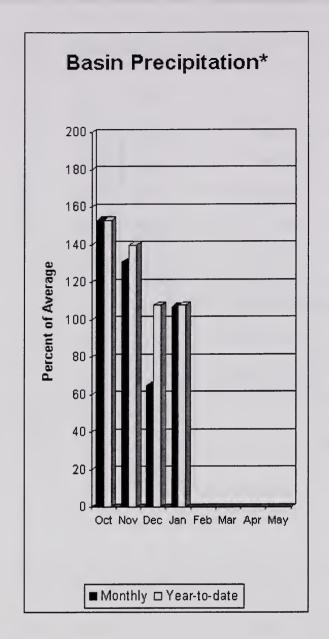
^{* 90%, 70%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

^{(1) -} The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.

^{(2) -} The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.

Upper Yakima River Basin





*Based on selected stations

February 1 reservoir storage for the Upper Yakima reservoirs was 322,100-acre feet, 72% of average. Forecasts for the Yakima River at Cle Elum are 95% of average and the Teanaway River near Cle Elum is at 79%. Lake inflows are all forecasted to be near normal this summer. January streamflows within the basin were Yakima near Cle Elum at 63% and Cle Elum River near Roslyn at 60%. February 1 snowpack was 96% based upon 12 snow courses and SNOTEL readings within the Upper Yakima Basin. Precipitation was 107% of average for January and 108% year-to-date for water. Temperatures were 1 degrees below normal for the past 28 days and near average for the water year. Volume forecasts for the Yakima Basin are for natural flow. As such, they may differ from the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation's forecast for the total water supply available, which includes irrigation return flow.

Upper Yakima River Basin

Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2004

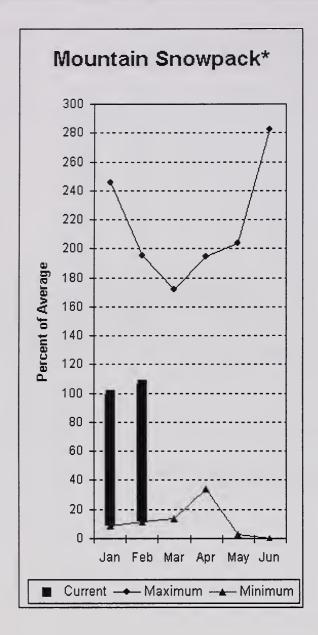
| | | <<===== | Drier ==== | == Future Co | nditions ==: | ===== Wetter = | ====>> | |
|------------------------|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| Forecast Point | Forecast Period | ====== 90% (1000AF) | 70% (1000AF) | = Chance Of E 50% (Most : (1000AF) | Probable) (% AVG.) | 30% (1000AF) (| 10% 1000AF) | 30-Yr Avg. (1000AF) |
| KEECHELUS LAKE INFLOW | APR-JUL APR-SEP | 93 103 | 107 118 | 117 129 | 97 97 | 127 140 | 141 155 | 121 133 |
| KACHESS LAKE INFLOW | APR-JUL APR-SEP | 85 91 | 97 104 | 105 113 | 95 94 | 113 122 | 125 135 | 111 120 |
| CLE ELUM LAKE INFLOW | APR-JUL APR-SEP | 330 355 | 365 395 | 390 425 | 95 94 | 415 455 | 450 495 | 410 450 |
| YAKIMA at Cle Elum | APR-JUL APR-SEP | 655 720 | 730 800 | 780 855 | 95 95 | 830 910 | 905 990 | 820 900 |
| CEANAWAY near Cle Elum | APR-JUL APR-SEP | 88 91 | 102 105 | 112 115 | 78 79 | 122 125 | 136 139 | 143 146 |
| | YAKIMA RIVER BASI e (1000 AF) - End | | , | <u> </u> | Watershed Sno | R YAKIMA RIVER Owpack Analysis | - Februa | - |
| eservoir | Usable Capacity | *** Usabl This Year | e Storage * Last Year A | ** Water: | | Number of Data Site | This | Year as % of |

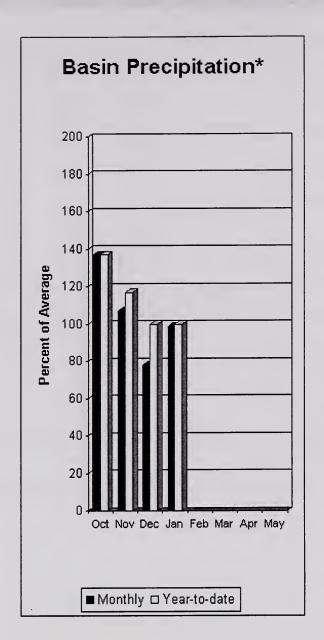
| Reservoir Storage (| 1000 AF) - End | | i | Watershed Snowpack Analysis - February 1, 2004 | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------|----------------------------|-----|--------------------------|--|
| Reservoir | Usable Capacity | *** Usa This Year | ble Stora Last Year | ge *** Avg | Watershed | Number of Data Sites | | r as % of Average | |
| KEECHELUS | 157.8 | 62.0 | 41.1 | 89.9 | UPPER YAKIMA RIVER | 12 | 144 | 96 | |
| KACHESS | 239.0 | 101.5 | 137.5 | 139.4 | | | | | |
| CLE ELUM | 436.9 | 158.6 | 190.2 | 215.4 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

^{* 90%, 70%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

^{(1) -} The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
(2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.

Lower Yakima River Basin





*Based on selected stations

January average streamflows within the basin were: Yakima River near Parker, 54%; Naches River near Naches, 55%; and Yakima River at Kiona, 44%. February 1 reservoir storage for Bumping and Rimrock reservoirs was 91,600-acre feet, 75% of average. Forecast averages for Yakima River near Parker are 102%; American River near Nile, 103%; Ahtanum Creek, 100%; and Klickitat River near Glenwood, 89%. February 1 snowpack was 106% based upon 7 snow courses and SNOTEL readings within the Lower Yakima Basin. Precipitation was 99% of average for January and 100% year-to-date for water. Temperatures were 1 degree below normal for the past 28 days and near average for the water year. Volume forecasts for Yakima Basin are for natural flow. As such, they may differ from the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation's forecast for the total water supply available, which includes irrigation return flow.

Lower Yakima River Basin

Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2004 <<===== Drier ===== Future Conditions ====== Wetter ====>> ========== Chance Of Exceeding * ================== Forecast Point Forecast 50% (Most Probable) 30% 30-Yr Avg. 90% 70% Period (1000AF) (1000AF) (1000AF) (% AVG.) (1000AF) (1000AF) (1000AF) _____ BUMPING LAKE INFLOW APR-SEP APR-JUL AMERICAN RIVER near Nile APR-SEP APR-JUL RIMROCK LAKE INFLOW APR-SEP APR-JUL NACHES near Naches APR-SEP

| LOWE Reservoir Stora | - | LOWER YAKIMA RIVER BASIN Watershed Snowpack Analysis - February 1, 2004 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|--|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|----------|----------------------|
| Reservoir | Usable Capacity | *** Usa This Year | ble Stora Last Year | ge *** Avg | Watershed | Number of Data Sites | This Yea | r as % of Average |
| BUMPING LAKE | 33.7 | 10.7 | 24.7 | 9.9 | | | | |
| RIMROCK | 198.0 | 80.9 | 107.8 | 111.8 | | | | |

^{* 90%, 70%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

The average is computed for the 1971-2000 base period.

AHTANUM CREEK nr Tampico (2)

YAKIMA near Parker

KLICKITAT near Glenwood

APR-SEP

APR-JUL

APR-SEP

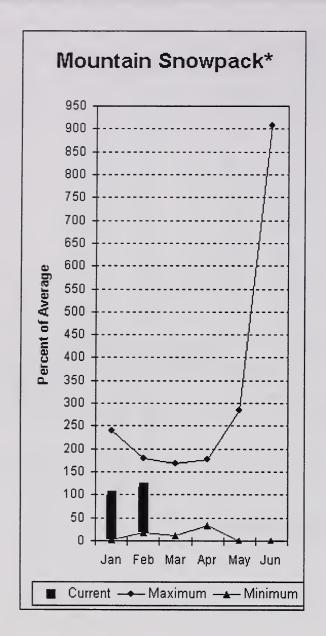
APR-JUL

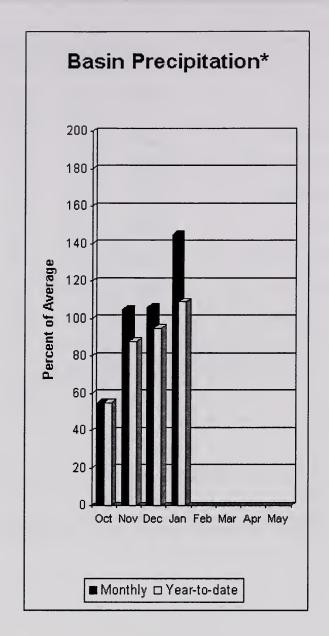
APR-JUN

APR-SEP

^{(1) -} The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.(2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.

Walla Walla River Basin





*Based on selected stations

January precipitation was 146% of average, maintaining the year-to-date precipitation at 103% of average. Snowpack in the basin was 117% of average. Streamflow forecasts are 114% of average for Mill Creek and 109% for the SF Walla Walla near Milton-Freewater. January streamflow was 118% of average for the Walla Walla River. Average temperatures were 2-4 degrees below normal for the past 28 days and 1 degree below average for the water year.

Walla Walla River Basin

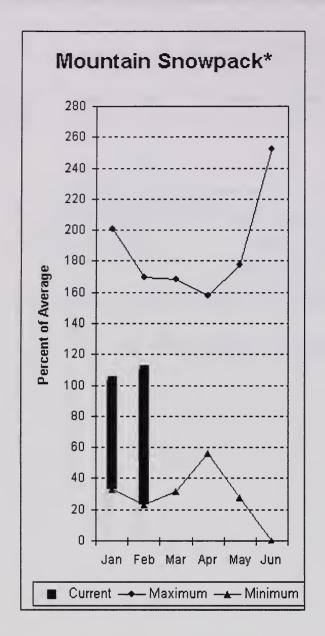
Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2004 <<===== Drier ====== Future Conditions ====== Wetter ====>> ============== Chance Of Exceeding * ================ | 50% (Most Probable) | (1000AF) (% AVG.) 90% 70% 30% 10% 30-Yr Avg. (1000AF) (1000AF) (1000AF) (1000AF) (1000AF) ______ -----_____ MILL CREEK at Walla Walla APR-SEP 12.9 18.0 20 APR-JUL 11.9 17.0 SF WALLA WALLA near Milton-Freewater APR-JUL 47 54 58 109 62 69 53 60 67 109 84 66 WALLA WALLA RIVER BASIN WALLA WALLA RIVER BASIN Reservoir Storage (1000 AF) - End of January Watershed Snowpack Analysis - February 1, 2004 ------Usable | *** Usable Storage *** Number This Year as % of This Last Year Avg Capacity Watershed of ______ Year Data Sites Last Yr Average Year Year Avg Data Sites Last Yr Average WALLA WALLA RIVER

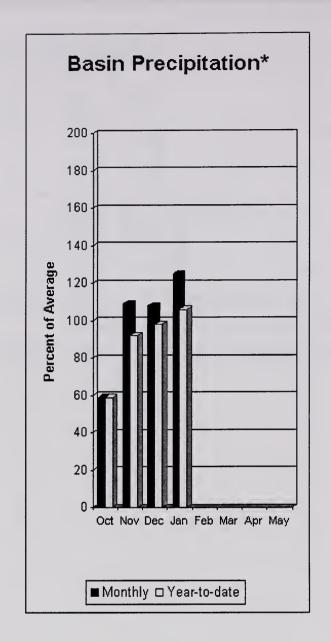
^{* 90%, 70%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

^{(1) -} The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.

^{(2) -} The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.

Lower Snake River Basin





*Based on selected stations

The April - September forecast is for 111% for Clearwater River at Spalding. The Snake and Grande Ronde rivers can expect summer flows to be about 98% and 108% of normal respectively. January precipitation was 125% of average, bringing the year-to-date precipitation to 106% of average. February 1 snowpack readings averaged 110% of normal. January streamflow was 54% of average for Snake River below Lower Granite Dam and 55% for Grande Ronde River near Troy. Average temperatures were 1-3 degrees below normal for the past 28 days and near normal for the water year.

Lower Snake River Basin

Data Sites

LOWER SNAKE, GRANDE RONDE 11

Last Yr Average

110

Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2004

| | | <<====== | Drier ==== | = Future Co | onditions === | ==== Wetter | ====>> | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| Forecast Point | Forecast Period | ======= 90% (1000AF) | 70% (1000AF) | | Exceeding * == Probable) (% AVG.) | 30% (1000AF) | 10% (1000AF) | 30-Yr Avg. (1000AF) |
| RANDE RONDE at Troy (1) | MAR-JUL | 1122 | 1512 | 1690 | 107 | 1868 | 2260 | 1580 |
| skande Ronde at 110y (1) | APR-SEP | 966 | 1319 | 1480 | 108 | 1641 | 1995 | 1370 |
| CLEARWATER at Spalding (1,2) | APR-JUL APR-SEP | 5260 5700 | 7310 7750 | 8240 8680 | 111 111 | 9170 9610 | 11220 11660 | 7430 7850 |
| NAKE blw Lower Granite Dam (1,2) | APR-JUL | 11485 | 17891 | 20800 23700 | 96 98 | 23710 26970 | 30110 34170 | 21600 24100 |
| New damo i | APR-SEP | 13231 | 20430 | ======================================= | | Z6970 ======= ER SNAKE RIVE | | 24100 |
| Reservoir Storage (100 | | | • | | Watershed Sno | | | ary 1, 2004 |
| | Usable | *** Usabl | e Storage ** | * | | Numbe | r This | Year as % of |

* 90%, 70%, 30%, and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

Avg

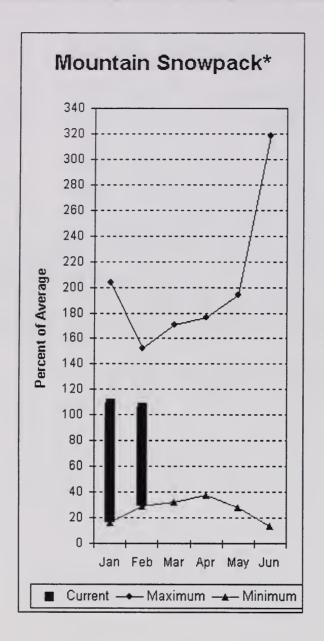
Year

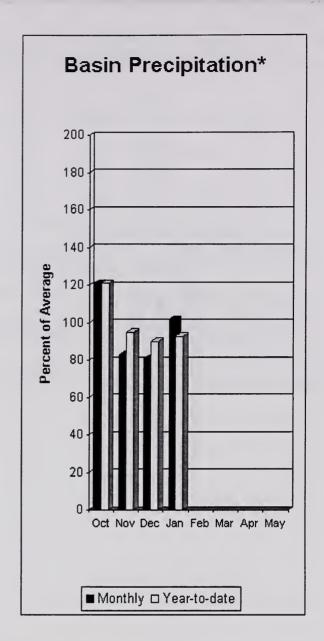
The average is computed for the 1971-2000 base period.

Year

^{(1) -} The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
(2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.

Cowlitz - Lewis River Basins





*Based on selected stations

Forecasts for April – September streamflows within the basin are Lewis River at Ariel, 104% and Cowlitz River at Castle Rock, 103% of average. The Columbia River at The Dalles is forecasted to have 97% of average flows this summer. January average streamflow for Cowlitz River was 88% and 102% for Lewis River. The Columbia River at The Dalles was at 70% of average. January precipitation was 102% of average and the water-year average was 93%. February 1 snow cover for Cowlitz River was 108%, and Lewis River was 103% of average. Average temperatures were near normal during the past 28 days and near normal throughout the water year.

Cowlitz - Lewis River Basins

Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2004

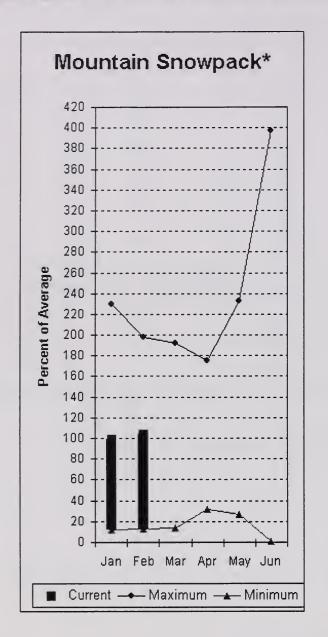
| | | <<===== | Drier ==== | == Future Co | onditions ==: | ==== Wetter | :====>> | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|--|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| Forecast Point | Forecast Period | ====== 90% (1000AF) | 70% (1000AF) | = Chance Of E 50% (Most (1000AF) | | 30% (1000AF) | 10% (1000AF) | 30-Yr Avg. (1000AF) |
| LEWIS at Ariel (2) | APR-JUL | 777 | 951 | 1070 | 104 | 1189 | 1363 | 1031 |
| | APR-SEP | 917 | 1098 | 1220 | 104 | 1342 | 1523 | 1176 |
| OWLITZ R. bl Mayfield Dam (2) | APR-SEP | 946 | 1597 | 2040 | 106 | 2483 | 3134 | 1922 |
| | APR-JUL | 691 | 1345 | 1790 | 106 | 2235 | 2889 | 1689 |
| COWLITZ R. at Castle Rock (2) | APR-SEP | 1173 | 2094 | 2720 | 103 | 3346 | 4267 | 2639 |
| | APR-JUL | 1602 | 2059 | 2370 | 103 | 2681 | 3138 | 2295 |
| KLICKITAT near Glenwood | APR-JUN | 91 | 104 | 112 | 87 | 120 | 133 | 129 |
| | APR-SEP | 115 | 133 | 145 | 89 | 157 | 175 | 163 |
| COLUMBIA R. at The Dalles (2) | APR-SEP | 78964 | 89346 | 96400 | 97 | 103450 | 113840 | 99000 |
| | APR-JUL | 63583 | 74906 | 82600 | 97 | 90290 | 101620 | 84800 |

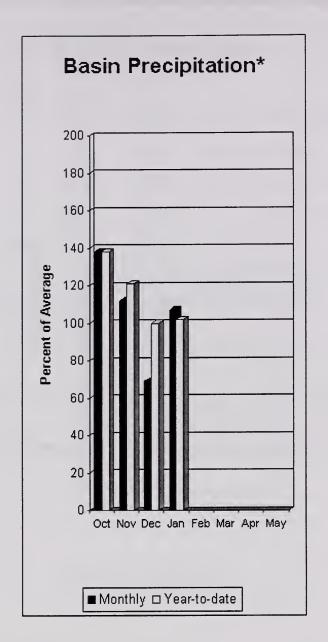
| COWLITZ - LEWIS RIVER BASINS Reservoir Storage (1000 AF) - End of January | | | | COWLITZ - LEWIS RIVER BASINS Watershed Snowpack Analysis - February 1, 2004 | | | | | |
|---|--|----------------------|-------------------------|--|------------|---------------|----------------------------|-----|--------------------------|
| Reservoir | | Usable Capacity | *** Usa This Year | ble Storage Last Year | *** Avg | Watershed | Number of Data Sites | | r as % of Average |
| | | | | | ===== | LEWIS RIVER | 4 | 244 | 103 |
| | | | | | | COWLITZ RIVER | 5 | 203 | 108 |

^{* 90%, 70%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

^{(1) -} The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
(2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.

White - Green River Basins





*Based on selected stations

Summer runoff is forecast to be 103% of normal for the Green River below Howard Hanson Dam and 100% for the White River near Buckley. February 1 snowpack was 108% of average in both White River and Puyallup River basins and 101% in Green River Basin. Water content on February 1 at Corral Pass SNOTEL, at an elevation of 6,000 feet, was 26.3 inches. This site has a February 1 average of 22.1 inches. January precipitation was 107% of average, bringing the water year-to-date to 102% of average for the basins. Average temperatures in the area were 1 degree above normal for the past 28 days and near normal for the water-year.

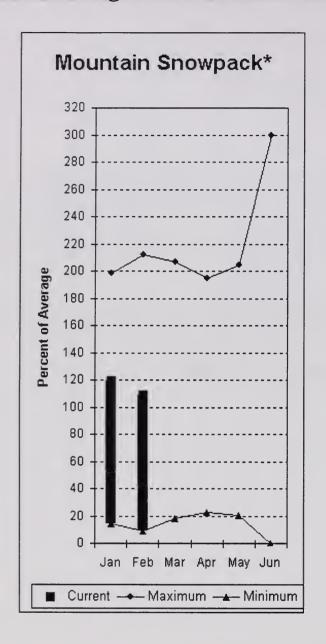
White - Green - Puyallup River Basins

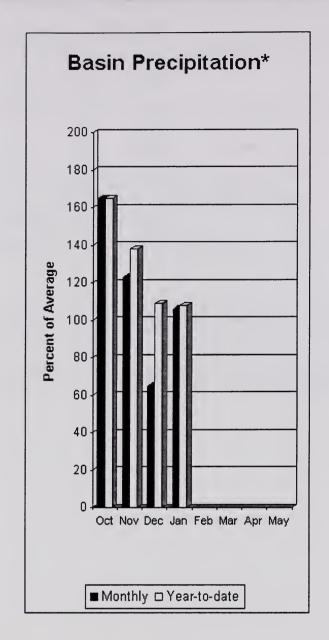
| | Stream | nflow Fo | recast | s - Fe | brua | ry 1, 2004 | l | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------|-----------------------------------|
| Forecast Point | Forecast Period | | | === Chan 50% | ce Of E | exceeding * == Probable) (% AVG.) | ==== Wetter ================================== | | 30-Yr Avg (1000AF |
| WHITE near Buckley (1,2) | APR-JUL APR-SEP | 342 420 | 409 498 | | 440 534 | 100 | 471 570 | 538 648 | 440 |
| GREEN below Howard Hanson (1,2) | APR-JUL APR-SEP | 165 188 | 223 248 | | 250 275 | 103 103 | 277 302 | 335 362 | 243 268 |
| | | | | - | | WHITE - GRE | ======= EN - PUYALLU wpack Analys | | |
| Reservoir | Usable Capacity | *** Usable This Year | Last | *** Avg | Wate | rshed | Numbe of Data Si | ==== | Year as % c |
| | | | | ===== = | WHITE | E RIVER | 2 | 133 | 108 |
| | | | | | GREE | N RIVER | 7 | 285 | 101 |
| | | | | | DITTAL | LLUP RIVER | 2 | 134 | 108 |

^{* 90%, 70%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

^{(1) -} The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
(2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.

Central Puget Sound River Basins





*Based on selected stations

Forecast for spring and summer flows are: 103% for Cedar River near Cedar Falls; 104% for Rex River; 104% for South Fork of the Tolt River; and 106% for Cedar River at Cedar Falls. Basin-wide precipitation for January was 106% of average, bringing water-year-to-date to 108% of average. February 1 average snow cover in Cedar River Basin was 107%, Tolt River Basin was 118%, Snoqualmie River Basin was 105%, and Skykomish River Basin was 107%. Alpine Meadows SNOTEL site, at 3500 feet, had 37.2 inches of water content. Average February 1 water content is 29.2 inches at Olallie Meadows. Temperatures were near average for the past 28 days and near normal for the water-year.

Central Puget Sound River Basins

279

105

| | | <<===== | Drier ==== | == Future Co | onditions ==: | ==== Wetter | ====>> | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| Forecast Point | Forecast Period | ====== 90% (1000AF) | 70% (1000AF) | 50% (Most (1000AF) | Exceeding * = Probable (% AVG.) | 30% (1000AF) | 10% (1000AF) | 30-Yr Avg. (1000AF) |
| CEDAR near Cedar Falls | APR-JUL APR-SEP | 56 62 | 67 74 | 75 82 | 103 | 83 90 | 94 102 | 73 80 |
| REX near Cedar Falls | APR-JUL APR-SEP | 17.4 20 | 23 25 | 26 29 | 104 104 | 30 33 | 35 38 | 25 28 |
| CEDAR RIVER at Cedar Falls | APR-JUL APR-SEP | 49 49 | 66 66 | 78 77 | 105 106 | 90 88 | 107 105 | 74 73 |
| COUTH FORK TOLT near Index | APR-JUL APR-SEP | 11.7 14.0 | 13.7 16.1 | 15.0 17.5 | 102 104 | 16.3 18.9 | 18.3 21 | 14.7 16.9 |
| CENTRAL PUG Reservoir Storage | ET SOUND RIVER F (1000 AF) - End | | ·· | <u> </u> | CENTRAL : | PUGET SOUND R Owpack Analys | | |
| eservoir | Usable Capacity | *** Usabl This Year | le Storage * Last Year A | Wate: | rshed | Numbe of Data Si | tes Last | Year as % of Yr Average |
| | | | .======== | CEDAI | R RIVER | 4 | 361 | 107 |
| | | | | TOLT | RIVER | 2 | 1887 | 118 |

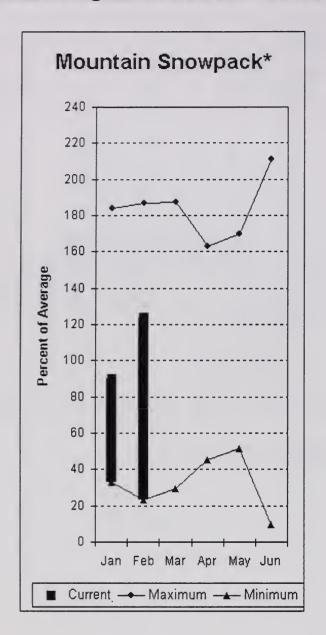
SNOQUALMIE RIVER

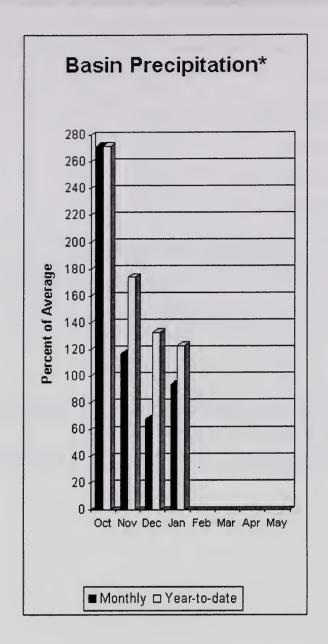
SKYKOMISH RIVER

^{* 90%, 70%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

^{(1) -} The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.(2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.

North Puget Sound River Basins





*Based on selected stations

Forecast for Skagit River streamflow at Newhalem is 102% of average for the spring and summer period. January streamflow in Skagit River was 85% of average. Other forecast points included Baker River at 102% and Thunder Creek at 96% of average. Basin-wide precipitation for January was 94% of average, bringing water-year-to-date to 123% of average. February 1 average snow cover in Skagit River Basin was 91%, Baker River Basin was at 126% and Nooksack River Basin was 155%. Rainy Pass SNOTEL, at 4,780 feet, had 23.7 inches of water content. Average February 1 water content is 30.2 inches at Rainy Pass. February 1 Skagit River reservoir storage was 99% of average and 70% of capacity. Average temperatures for the past 28 days were slightly above normal for the basin and near average for the water year.

North Puget Sound River Basins

Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2004

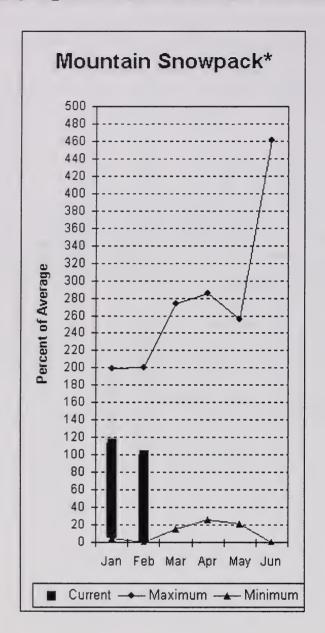
| | | <<===== | Drier ==== | == Future Co | onditions === | ==== Wetter | ====>> | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| Forecast Point | Forecast Period | ====== 90% (1000AF) | 70% (1000AF) | = Chance Of E 50% (Most (1000AF) | | 30% (1000AF) | 10% (1000AF) | 30-Yr Avg. (1000AF) |
| THUNDER CREEK near Newhalem | APR-JUL APR-SEP | 200 290 | 215 308 | 225 | 96 96 | 235 332 | 250 350 | 234 333 |
| SKAGIT at Newhalem (2) | APR-JUL APR-SEP | 1609 2022 | 1746 2164 | 1840 2260 | 99 102 | 1934 2356 | 2071 2498 | 1864 2217 |
| BAKER RIVER near Concrete | APR-JUL APR-SEP | 725 917 | 799 1008 | 850 1070 | 103 102 | 901 1132 | 975 1223 | 828 1050 |

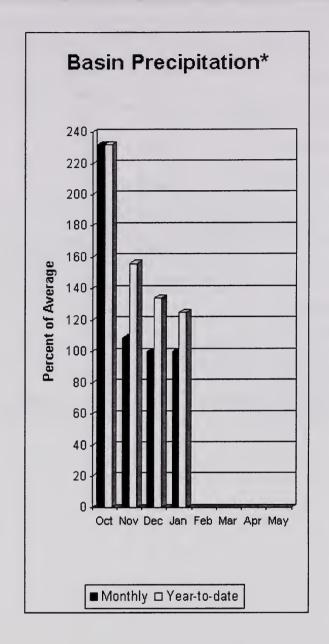
| | PUGET SOUND RIVER BA | | ary | | NORTH PUGET SOUND RIVER BASINS Watershed Snowpack Analysis - February 1, 2004 | | | | |
|------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|--------|--|----------------------------|-----|---------------------------|--|
| Reservoir | Usable Capacity | *** Us: This Year | able Stora Last Year | ge *** | Watershed | Number of Data Sites | | ar as % of Average | |
| ROSS | 1404.1 | 962.8 | 1076.0 | 978.3 | SKAGIT RIVER | 10 | 131 | 91 | |
| DIABLO RESERVOIR | 90.6 | 87.2 | 84.3 | 85.5 | BAKER RIVER | 2 | 310 | 126 | |
| GORGE RESERVOIR | 9.8 | 8.0 | 7.5 | 7.9 | NOOKSACK RIVER | 2 | 287 | 155 | |

^{* 90%, 70%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

^{(1) -} The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.(2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.

Olympic Peninsula River Basins





*Based on selected stations

Forecasted average runoff for streamflow in the Dungeness River and Elwha River basins is 105% and 101% respectively. Big Quilcene and Wynoochee rivers should expect near average runoff this summer also. January precipitation was 100% of average. Precipitation has accumulated at 125% of average for the water year. January precipitation at Quillayute was 14.02 inches. The thirty-year average for January is 13.65 inches. Olympic Peninsula snowpack averaged 100% of normal on February 1. Temperatures were 1-3 degrees above average for the past 28 days and near average for the water year.

Olympic Peninsula River Basins

| | Stiea | IIII TOW FO | Jiecasts | - reblual | _y I, 200 | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Forecast Point | Forecast | | Drier ==== | == Future Co = Chance Of E | | ==== Wetter | ====>> | |
| | Period | 90% (1000AF) | 70% (1000AF) | 50% (Most (1000AF) | Probable) (% AVG.) | 30% (1000AF) | 10% (1000AF) | 30-Yr Avg. (1000AF) |
| DUNGENESS near Sequim | APR-SEP APR-JUL | 143 113 | 153 121 | 160 126 | 105 102 | 167 131 | 177 139 | |
| ELWHA near Port Angeles | APR-SEP APR-JUL | 443 368 | 483 399 | 510 420 | 101 | 537 441 | 577 472 | 503 419 |

| | LYMPIC PENINSULA RIVER B Storage (1000 AF) - End | | | | OLYMPIC PENINSULA RIVER BASINS Watershed Snowpack Analysis - February 1, 2004 | | | | | |
|-----------|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|--|----------------------------|-----|----------------------|--|--|
| Reservoir | Usable Capacity | *** Usabl This Year | e Storage Last Year | *** Avg | Watershed | Number of Data Sites | | r as % of Average | | |
| | | -23-33 | | | OLYMPIC PENINSULA | 2 | 117 | 100 | | |
| | | | | | ELWHA RIVER | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | | | | | MORSE CREEK | 1 | 166 | 108 | | |
| | | | | | DUNGENESS RIVER | 0 | 21 | 0 | | |
| | | | | | QUILCENE RIVER | 1 | 101 | 91 | | |
| | | | | | WYNOOCHEE RIVER | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

^{* 90%, 70%, 30%,} and 10% chances of exceeding are the probabilities that the actual volume will exceed the volumes in the table.

^{(1) -} The values listed under the 10% and 90% Chance of Exceeding are actually 5% and 95% exceedance levels.
(2) - The value is natural volume - actual volume may be affected by upstream water management.



Issued by

Released by

Bruce Knight

Chief

Natural Resources Conservation Service

U.S. Department of Agriculture

R.L. "Gus" Hughbanks State Conservationist

Natural Resources Conservation Service

Spokane, Washington

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Washington State Department of Natural Resources

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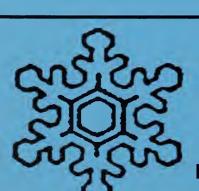
Whitestone Reclamation District



Washington Snow Survey Office 2021 E. College Way, Suite 214 Mount Vernon, WA 98273-2873

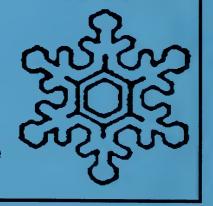
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